fairly common on the higher slopes of Penrissen, although

apparently found nowhere else in Sarawak.

As I believe the Hornbills are generally supposed to be fruit-eaters only, perhaps this note may be of some interest. I notice that Mr. W. T. Blanford in the Funa of British India series, Birds Vol. III, refers to instances of insects eaten by *Dichoceros bicorniis*, L. but not by other Hornbills.

J. C. MOULTON.

Corrigenda to No. 53 of the Journal.

p. 142, l. 8	for	cri	read	çri						
1. 27	for	cri	read	ęri						
p. 143, l. 25		1331	read	1328 or 1329						
	for		read	vow						
p. 144, l. 14	for	قاسك ،	read	قاسک						
				*						
p. 147, l. 14	for	Těga	read	Těba						
				Siyak and Rěkan						
1. 16	for	Barta	read	Barat						
1. 26	for	Kalasaludu	ng read	Kalkasaludung						
	for		read							
p. 148, l. 1 Hujung really belongs to the end of the preceding line										
		Gerinei								
p. 150, l. 9	for	Kañjapiuir	an read	Naçor Kañjapiniran						
		(Hyang)								
p. 156, l. 21			read	left						
p. 160, l. 22			read	1377						
		Island		Islands						
p. 161, l. 2	-		_	been						
p. 168, l. 29	v	lalei	read							
p. 200, 11 20	, 01		70000							

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SHORT NOTES.

p.	169,	1.6	for	tĕlūt	read	tělut
		1. 20	for	retracted	read	retraced
		1.24	for	produce	read	reproduce
p.	170,	l. 6	for	Ploynesian	read	Polynesian
		1. 12	for	těliling	read	kĕliling